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Supplemental Information

**Structure-Function Relationship
of the Bik1-Bim1 Complex**

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Table S1

Table S1, related to Figure 1, 5 and 6. K_d Values determined by ITC.
Various experiments were repeated to confirm the K_d values.

Cell	Syringe	K_d Exp1 [μ M]	K_d Exp2 [μ M]
Bim1C	Bik1CG	1.2 \pm 0.3	1.0 \pm 0.3
Bik1CG	ETF	5.6 \pm 0.8	4.7 \pm 0.6
Bim1C Δ ETF	Bik1CG	n.b.	-
Bim1C	Bik1CG K46E	n.b.	-
Bik1cc	Stu2Ctail	0.6 \pm 0.1	0.8 \pm 0.1
Bim1C	Stu2Ctail	n.b.	-
Bim1C	SxIP	11.6 \pm 0.2	n.d. ^a
Bim1C-Bik1CG	SxIP	13.0 \pm 0.6	n.d.
Bim1C-SxIP	Bik1CG	2.0 \pm 0.6	n.d.
Bim1C	LxxPTPh	2.2 \pm 0.6	2.2 \pm 0.5
Bim1C-Bik1CG	LxxPTPh	2.7 \pm 0.5	n.d.

n.b., no binding; n.d., not determined

^a A K_d value of 13.8 μ M for this interaction is reported in (Kumar et al., 2017) using ITC.

\pm refers to the standard error of the least square fit (i.e., assuming a one set of site model) versus the data points.

Table S2

Table S2, related to Figure 7. Summary of the yeast strains that has been used in this study.

Yeast strain number (yYB)	Mating type	Genotype	Source
11069, 11070	a	Bik1-3xGFP::hphNT1 Spc72-GFP::HIS ura3-52 his3Δ200 leu2 lys2-801 trp1Δ63 Ade2+	This study
11068	alpha	Bik1-3xGFP::hphNT1 Spc72-GFP::HIS ura3-52 his3Δ200 leu2 lys2-801 trp1Δ63 Ade2+	This study
11077, 11078, 11079	a	Bik1-3xGFP::hphNT1 Spc72-GFP::HIS bim1::hphNT1 ura3-52 his3Δ200 leu2 lys2-801 trp1Δ63 Ade2+	This study
13751, 13752, 13753	a	Bik1-3xGFP::hphNT1 Spc72-GFP::HIS Bim1-ΔETF ura3-52 his3Δ200 leu2 lys2-801 trp1Δ63 Ade2+	This study
14945, 14946, 14947	alpha	Bik1-K46E-3xGFP::hphNT1 Spc72-GFP::HIS ura3-52 his3Δ200 leu2 lys2-801 trp1Δ63 Ade2+	This study
11263	a	bik1::NatMX Spc72-GFP::HIS ura3-52 his3Δ200 leu2 lys2-801 trp1Δ63 Ade2+	This study
8597, 8600, 8602	a	CFP-Tub1:Trp1 kar9::His3 ura3-52 leu2 lys2-801 Ade2+	Manatschal et al., 2016
8461, 8462, 8463	a	CFP-Tub1:Trp1 kar9::Kar9-wt-3xGFP:KanMX ura3-52 his3Δ200 leu2 lys2-801 ade2-101	Manatschal et al., 2016
12656, 12657	a	CFP-Tub1:Trp1 kar9::Kar9-wt-3xsfGFP:KanMX ura3-52 his3Δ200 leu2 lys2-801 Ade2+	Manatschal et al., 2016
14940, 14941	a	CFP-Tub1:Trp1 kar9::Kar9-wt-3xsfGFP:KanMX Bik1-K46E ura3-52 his3Δ200 leu2 lys2-801 Ade2+	This study
14942	alpha	CFP-Tub1:Trp1 kar9::Kar9-wt-3xsfGFP:KanMX Bik1-K46E ura3-52 his3Δ200 leu2 lys2-801 Ade2+	This study
14491, 14831	a	CFP-Tub1::Trp1 kar9::Kar9-wt-3xsfGFP:KanMX Bim1-ΔETF ura3-52 his3Δ200 leu2 lys2-801 Ade2+	This study
14492, 14830	alpha	CFP-Tub1::Trp1 kar9::Kar9-wt-3xsfGFP:KanMX Bim1-ΔETF ura3-52 his3Δ200 leu2 lys2-801 Ade2+	This study

Figure S1

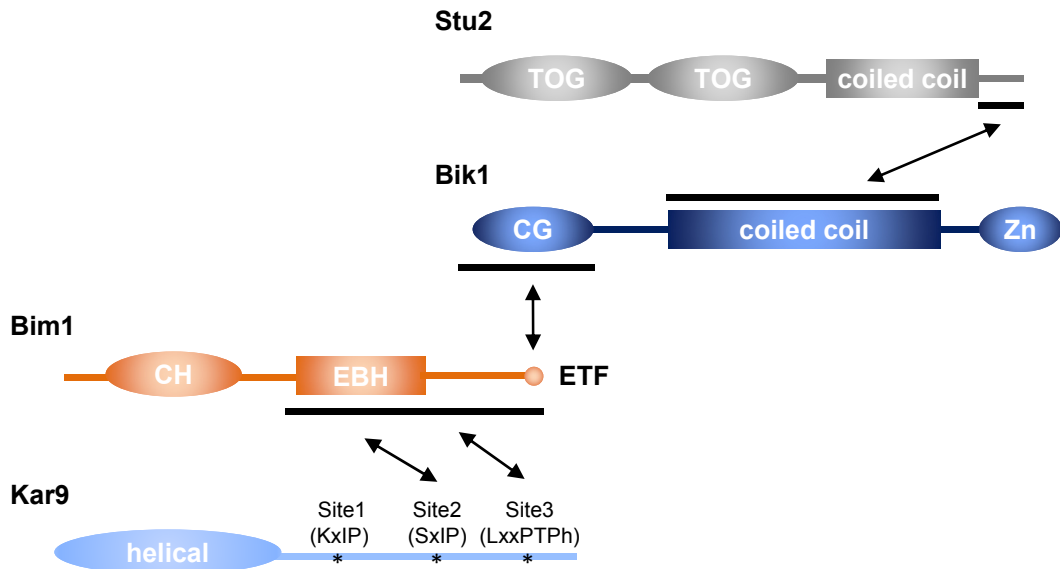


Figure S1, related to Figures 1, 5 and 6. Schematic representation of +TIP network formed between Bik1, Stu2, Bim1 and Kar9.

The interactions highlighted by double arrows are reported in (Wolyniak et al., 2006; Blake-Hodek et al., 2010; Manatschal et al., 2016). Note that not in all instances it is clear whether the interactions are direct or indirect; see also Introduction. The protein fragments and domains reporting the interactions are indicated by horizontal black lines.

Figure S2

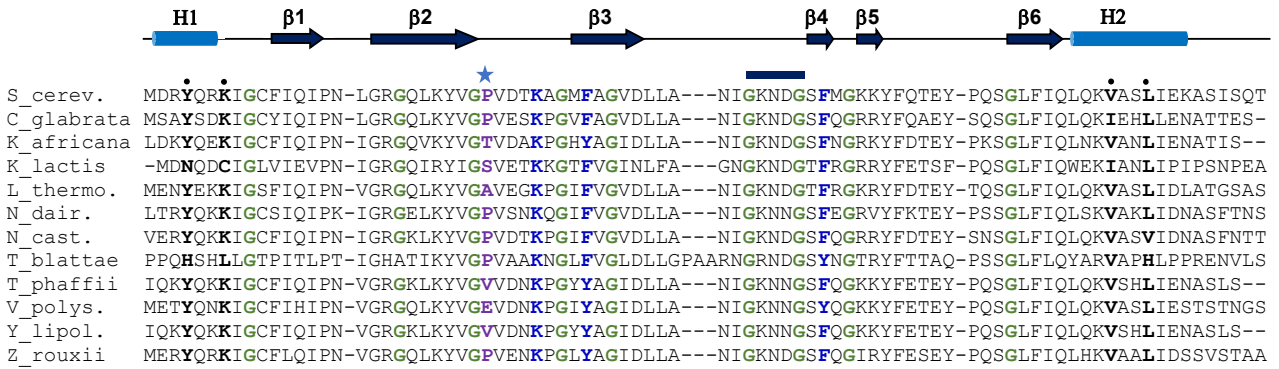


Figure S2, related to Figure 2. Multiple sequence alignment of budding yeast Bik1 CAP-Gly domains.

The characteristic glycine residues and GKNDS motif of CAP-Gly domains are indicated in green and with a black horizontal bar on top of the alignment, respectively. The position of the β 2- β 3 loop residue that in the case of p150CG interacts with the EBH domain of EB1 (Ala49; Honnappa et al., 2006) is highlighted with an asterisk and the corresponding residues are shown in bold and in purple. Key residues of the exposed hydrophobic cavity of CAP-Gly are shown in bold and dark blue. Conserved residues in both the N- and C-terminal helices are highlighted in bold and with a dot on the top of the alignment.